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VOC EMISSION TEST REPORT BREEAM International

6 June 2023

1 Sample Information

Sample name Emulsionsfärg

Batch no. -

Stated production date 05/03/2023

Product type Coating

Sample reception 12/04/2023

2 Brief Evaluation of the Results

Regulation or protocol	Conclusion	Version of regulation or protocol
BREEAM International	Exemplary Level	BREEAM International New Construction v6.0 (2021)

Full details based on the testing and direct comparison with limit values are available in the following pages Regarding pass/fail decision rule please see appendix

This evaluation only concerns the emission requirements of BREEAM International. In order to satisfy the credit on "Health and wellbeing", according to the requirements of BREEAM International New Construction 2021, the product must also show compliance with the VOC content requirements.

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Table of contents

1		Sample Information	1
2		Brief Evaluation of the Results	1
3		Applied Test Methods	3
	3.1	General Test References	3
	3.2	Specific Laboratory Sampling and Analyses	3
4		Test Parameters, Sample Preparation and Deviations	4
	4.1	VOC Emission Chamber Test Parameters	4
	4.2	Preparation of the Test Specimen	4
	4.3	Picture of Sample	4
	4.4	Deviations from Referenced Protocols and Regulations	4
5		Results	5
	5.1	VOC Emission Test Results after 28 Days	5
6		Summary and Evaluation of the Results	7
	6.1	Comparison with Limit Values of BREEAM International	7
7		Appendices	8
	7.1	Chromatogram of VOC Emissions after 28 Days	8
	7.2	How to Understand the Results	9
	7.3	Description of VOC Emission Test	10
	7.4	Quality Assurance	11
	7.5	Accreditation	12
	7.6	Uncertainty of the Test Method	12
	7.7	Decision Rules	12
	78	Version History	12





3 Applied Test Methods

3.1 General Test References

Regulation, protocol or standard	Version	Reporting limit VOC [µg/m³]	Calculation of TVOC	Combined uncertainty [¤] [RSD(%)]
EN 16516	2017 + A1:2020	5	Toluene equivalents	22%
ISO 16000 -3 -6 -9 -11	2006-2022 depending on part	2	Toluene equivalents	22%
ASTM D5116-10	2010	-	-	-
BREEAM International	BREEAM International New Construction v6.0 (2021)	5	Toluene equivalents	22%

3.2 Specific Laboratory Sampling and Analyses

Procedure	External Method	Internal SOP	Quantification limit / sampling volume	Analytical principle	Uncertainty ^a [RSD(%)]
Sample preparation	ISO 16000-11:2006, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020, AgBB:2021, EMICODE:2020	71M549810	-	-	-
Emission chamber testing	ISO 16000-9:2006, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020	71M549811	+	Chamber and air control	-
Sampling of VOC	ISO 16000-6:2021, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020	71M549812	5 L	Tenax TA	-
Analysis of VOC	ISO 16000-6:2021, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020	71M542808B	1 μg/m³	ATD-GC/MS	10%
Sampling of aldehydes	ISO 16000-3:2022, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020	71M549812	35 L	DNPH	-
Analysis of aldehydes	ISO 16000-3:2022, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020	71M548400	3-6 µg/m³	HPLC-UV	10%





4 Test Parameters, Sample Preparation and Deviations

4.1 VOC Emission Chamber Test Parameters

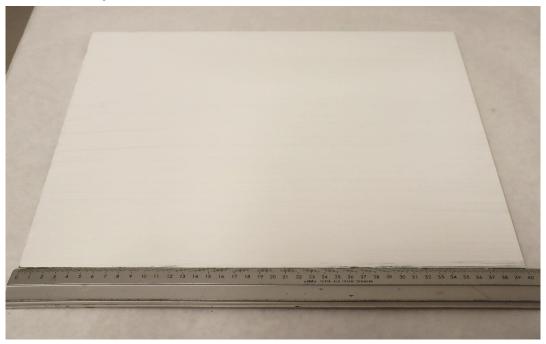
Parameter	Value	Parameter	Value
Chamber volume, V[L]	119	Preconditioning period	-
Air Change rate, n[h-1]	0.5	Chamber test period	27/04/2023 - 25/05/2023
Area specific ventilation rate, q [m/h or m³/m²/h]	0.5	Analytical test period	27/04/2023 - 31/05/2023
Relative humidity of supply air, RH [%]	50 ± 3	Loading factor [m²/m³]	1.0
Temperature of supply air, T [°C]	23 ± 1	Test scenario	Wall

4.2 Preparation of the Test Specimen

The sample was homogenised and applied onto a glass plate.

Number of Layers	Application amount per layer, g/m ²	Drying time, h
1	230	-

4.3 Picture of Sample



4.4 Deviations from Referenced Protocols and Regulations

No deviations from the referenced test methods were observed.

The results are only valid for the tested sample(s).





5 Results

5.1 VOC Emission Test Results after 28 Days

	CAS No.	Retention time	ID- Cat	Specific Conc.	Toluene eq.	Specific SER	R _{EU}
		[min]		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/(m²·h)]	
VOC with NIK/LCI							
Propionic acid * d	79-09-4	2.88	1	27	< 5	14	0.018
Pentanal	110-62-3	3.00	1	7.4	< 5	3.7	0.0093
Hexanal	66-25-1	4.93	1	21	10	10	0.023
1,4-Butanediol *	110-63-4	7.69	1	6.4	< 5	3.2	0.0032
Hexanoic acid * d	142-62-1	8.34	1	29	16	15	0.014
Heptanoic acid * d	111-14-8	9.62	1	9.4	7.2	4.7	0.0045
2-Ethylhexanoic acid *	149-57-5	10.19	1	12	8.5	5.9	0.078
Octanoic acid * d	124-07-2	10.80	1	5.9	5.5	2.9	0.0028
VOC without NIK/LCI							
None determined							
Sum of VOC without NIK/LCI				< 5	< 5	< 3	
VVOC compounds							
None determined							
TVVOC				< 5	< 5	< 3	
SVOC compounds							
None determined							
TSVOC				< 5	< 5	< 3	
Carcinogens							
Total carcinogens				< 1	< 1	< 1	
Aldehydes							
Formaldehyde	50-00-0		1	4.6		2.3	
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0		1	4.6		2.3	
Propionaldehyde	123-38-6		1	8.4		4.2	0.013
Butyraldehyde	123-72-8		1	< 3		< 2	
Acrolein *	107-02-8		1	< 5		< 3	
2-Butenal *	123-73-9		1	< 5		< 3	
Glutaraldehyde *	111-30-8		1	< 5		< 3	
Octanal *	124-13-0		1	< 5		< 3	
Nonanal *	124-19-6		1	< 5		< 3	
Decanal *	112-31-2		1	< 5		< 3	

The results are only valid for the tested sample(s).

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	CAS No.	Retention time	ID- Cat	Specific Conc.	Toluene eq.	Specific SER	R _{EU}
		[min]		[µg/m³]	[µg/m³]	[µg/(m²-h)]	
R-values							0.17
TVOC				120	48	59	





6 Summary and Evaluation of the Results

6.1 Comparison with Limit Values of BREEAM International

Parameter	Concentration mg/m³	Basic Level mg/m³	Exemplary Level mg/m³
Formaldehyde 28 days	0.0046	≤ 0.06	≤ 0.01
TVOC (EN 16516) 28 days	0.048	≤ 1.0	≤ 0.3
TSVOC 28 days	< 0.005	-	≤ 0.1
Total carcinogens 28 days	< 0.001	≤ 0.001	≤ 0.001

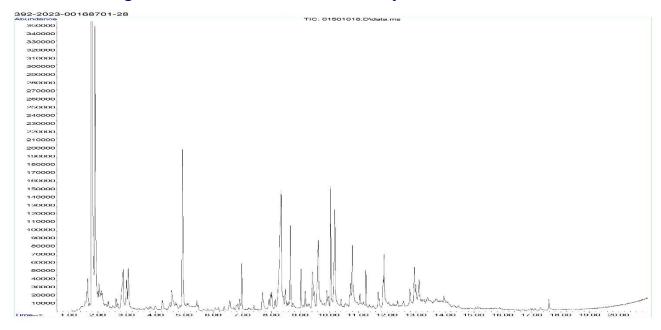
This evaluation only concerns the emission requirements of BREEAM Internationa. In order to satisfy the credit on "Health and wellbeing", according to the requirements of BREEAM International New Construction 2021, the product must also show compliance with the VOC content requirements.





7 Appendices

7.1 Chromatogram of VOC Emissions after 28 Days







7.2 How to Understand the Results

7.2.1 Acronyms Used in the Report

- < Means less than
- > Means bigger than
- * Not a part of our accreditation
- Please see section regarding uncertainty in the Appendices
- § Deviation from method. Please see deviation section
- a The method is not optimal for very volatile compounds. For these substances smaller results and a higher measurement uncertainty cannot be ruled out
- b The component originates from the substrate and is thus removed
- c The results have been corrected by the emission from the substrate
- d Very polar organic compounds are not suitable for reliable quantification using Tenax TA adsorbent and HP-5ms GC column. A high degree of uncertainty must be expected
- e The component may be overestimated due to contribution from the system
- SER Specific Emission Rate

7.2.2 Explanation of ID Category

Categories of Identity:

- 1: Identified by comparison with a mass spectrum obtained from library and supported by other information and quantified through specific calibration.
- 2: Identified by comparison with a mass spectrum obtained from library and supported by other information. Quantified as toluene equivalent.
- 3: Identified with a lower match by comparison with a mass spectrum obtained from a library. Quantified as toluene equivalent.
- 4: Not identified, quantified as toluene equivalent.





7.3 Description of VOC Emission Test

7.3.1 Test Chamber

The test chamber is made of stainless steel. A multi-step air clean-up is performed before loading the chamber, and a blank check of the empty chamber is performed.

The chamber operation parameters are as described in the test method section. (EN 16516, ISO 16000-9, internal method no.: 71M549811).

7.3.2 Expression of the Test Results

All test results are calculated as specific emission rate, and as extrapolated air concentration in the European Reference Room (EN 16516, AgBB, EMICODE, M1 and Indoor Air Comfort).

7.3.3 Testing of Carcinogenic VOCs

The emission of carcinogens (EU Categories C1A and C1B, as per European law) is tested by drawing sample air from the test chamber outlet through Tenax TA tubes after the specified duration of storage in the ventilated test chamber. Analysis is performed by ATD-GC/MS (automated thermal desorption coupled with gas chromatography and mass spectroscopy using 30 m HP-5 (slightly polar) column with 0.25 mm ID and 0.25 μ m film, Agilent) (EN 16516, ISO 16000-6, internal methods no.: 71M549812 / 71M542808B).

All identified carcinogenic VOCs are listed; if a carcinogenic VOC is not listed then it has not been detected. Quantification is performed using the TIC signal and authentic response factors, or the relative response factors relative to toluene for the individual compounds.

This test only covers substances that can be adsorbed on Tenax TA and can be thermally desorbed. If other emissions occur, then these substances cannot be detected (or with limited reliability only).

7.3.4 Testing of VOC, SVOC and VVOC

The emissions of volatile organic compounds are tested by drawing sample air from the test chamber outlet through Tenax TA tubes after the specified duration of storage in the ventilated test chamber. Analysis is performed by ATD-GC/MS using HP-5 column (30 m, 0.25mm ID, 0.25µm film) (EN 16516, ISO 16000-6, internal methods no.: 71M549812 / 71M542808B).

All single substances that are listed with a LCI/NIK value in the latest publications (hereafter referred to as target compounds) are identified if present. All other appearing VOCs are identified as far as possible. Quantification of target compounds is done using the TIC signal and authentic response factors, or the relative response factors relative to toluene. For certain compound groups, which differ significantly in chemistry from toluene, quantification is performed relative to a representative member of the group for more accurate and precise results. This can include quantification of for example glycols and acids. In addition to that, all results are also expressed in toluene equivalents. All non-target compounds, as well as all non-identified substances, are quantified in toluene equivalents.

The results of the individual substances are calculated in three groups depending on their retention time when analyzing using a non-polar column (HP-1):

- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) are defined as: All substances eluting between and including n-hexane (n-C6) and n-hexadecane (n-C16)
- Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOC) are defined as: All substances eluting after n-hexadecane (n-C16) and before and including n-docosane (n-C22)
- Very Volatile Organic Compounds (VVOC) are defined as: All substances eluting before n-hexane (n-C6).

Total Volatile Organic Compounds (TVOC) is calculated by summation of all individual VOCs with a

The results are only valid for the tested sample(s).





concentration $\geq 5~\mu g/m^3$. The TVOC can be expressed either in toluene equivalents as defined in EN 16516 and similar to ISO 16000-6, or as the sum of concentrations using specific or relative response factors. In the case of summation of concentrations using authentic or relative response factors, the toluene equivalent is applied to all non-target and non-identified VOCs before summing up. Compounds regarded as VOC in line with the above definition but elute before n-C6 or after n-C16 on the HP-5 column are treated as VOC, and are thus added to the TVOC.

Total Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (TSVOC) is calculated by the summation of all individual SVOCs expressed in toluene equivalents with a concentration $\geq 5~\mu g/m^3$, as defined in EN 16516. VOCs that are regarded as VOC in line with the above definition, but elute after n-C16 in this test, are not added to the TSVOC.

Total Very Volatile Organic Compounds (TVVOC) is calculated by the summation of all individual VVOCs with a concentration $\geq 5 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ and expressed in toluene equivalents. VOCs that are regarded as VOC in line with the above definition, but elute before n-C6 in this test, are not added to the TVVOC.

This test only covers substances which can be adsorbed on Tenax TA and can be thermally desorbed. If emissions of substances outside these specifications occur then these substances cannot be detected (or with limited reliability only).

7.3.5 Testing of Aldehydes

The presence of aldehydes is tested by drawing air samples from the test chamber outlet through DNPH-coated silicagel tubes after the specified duration of storage in the ventilated test chamber. Analysis is performed by solvent desorption and subsequently by HPLC and UV-/diode array detection.

The absence of formaldehyde and other aldehydes is stated if UV detector response at the specific wavelength is lacking at the specific retention time in the chromatogram. Otherwise it is checked whether the reporting limit is exceeded. In this case the identity is finally checked by comparing full scan sample UV spectra with full scan standard UV spectra.

7.4 Quality Assurance

Before loading the test chamber, a blank check of the empty chamber is performed and compliance with background concentrations in accordance with EN 16516 / ISO 16000-9 is determined.

Air sampling at the chamber outlet and subsequent analysis is performed in duplicate. Relative humidity, temperature and air change rate in the chambers is logged every 5 minutes and checked daily. A double determination is performed on random samples at a regular interval and results are registered in a control chart to ensure the uncertainty and reproducibility of the method.

The stability of the analytical system is checked by a general function test of device and column, and by use of control charts for monitoring the response of individual substances prior to each analytical sequence.





7.5 Accreditation

The testing methods described above are accredited on line with EN ISO/IEC 17025 by DANAK (no. 522). This accreditation is valid worldwide due to mutual approvals of the national accreditation bodies (ILAC/IAF, see also www.eurofins.com/galten.aspx#accreditation).

Not all parameters are covered by this accreditation. The accreditation does not cover parameters marked with an asterisk (*), however analysis of these parameters is conducted at the same level of quality as for the accredited parameters.

7.6 Uncertainty of the Test Method

The relative standard deviation of the overall analysis is 22%. The expanded uncertainty Um equals 2 x RSD. For further information please visit www.eurofins.dk/uncertainty.

7.7 Decision Rules

Eurofins Product Testing A/S, declare statement of conformity based on the "Binary Statement for Simple Acceptance Rule" described in ILAC's "Guidelines on decision Rules and Statements of Conformity" ILAC-G8:09/2019.

This means that results above the detection limit are always reported with two significant digits. Results are evaluated with the same number of significant digits as the corresponding limit values, and conformity is based on results being less than or equal to limit values.

For limit values with more than two significant digits, the third digit will be used to confirm whether a result is below or equal to the limit value. It will always be indicated in the evaluation table if this expanded evaluation is performed.

For further information please visit www.eurofins.dk/product-testing/om-os/beslutningsregler/

7.8 Version History

Report date	Report number	Modification	
06/06/2023	392-2023-00168701_V_EN	Current version	